THE WILDLAND FIRE AIR **QUALITY RESPONSE** PROGRAM AND PLANNING FOR SMOKE FROM PRESCRIBED FIRE



Presented by
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Partners in this effort: USFS, NPS, NOAA NWS, EPA, State and local agencies and many others...

Wildland Fire Air Quality Response Program

- Interagency response (2011-Present)
- Operationally addressing wildfire smoke
 - Public health
 - Transportation safety
 - Fire personnel exposure
- Four components:
 - Modeling
 - Monitoring
 - Communication
 - Active Coordinated Response
- Integration / coordination
 - EPA, NOAA, NASA, States, and beyond





USFS PNW R&D AirFire Team -BlueSky smoke modeling framework

- 20+ daily regional runs to supplement national products
- NWS 1-km domains provides vast improved model performance (in AZ and GA now)
- New 1-km domains-OR, AZ, NM and now 3-km CONUS
- Focus on high resolution and customization for best
 performance

USFS PNW R&D AirFire Modeling



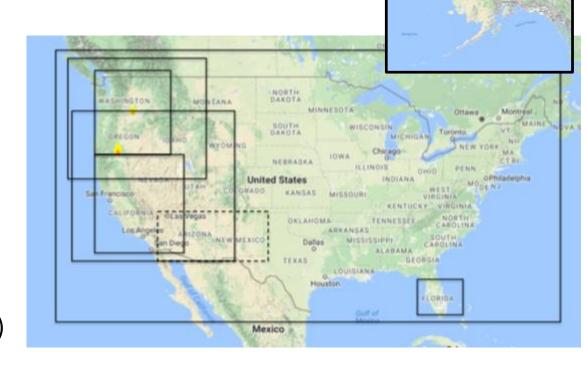
Earth Observatory 9/17/2014



BlueSky Daily Run

BlueSky: Daily Smoke Predictions

- Supporting Smoke Management and Incident Command Teams (USFS & many partners)
- NWS FW (mobile):
 - 1.33-km Was FL, now GA and AZ tomorrow
- DRI:
 - 2-km CA/NV,
 - 6-km West US
- UW:
 - 1.33-km WA/OR/ID,
 - 4-km NW
- NWS:
 - 3-km, 12-km CONUS,
 - 12-km AK
- UofA:
 - 1.8-km AZ/NM (in process)







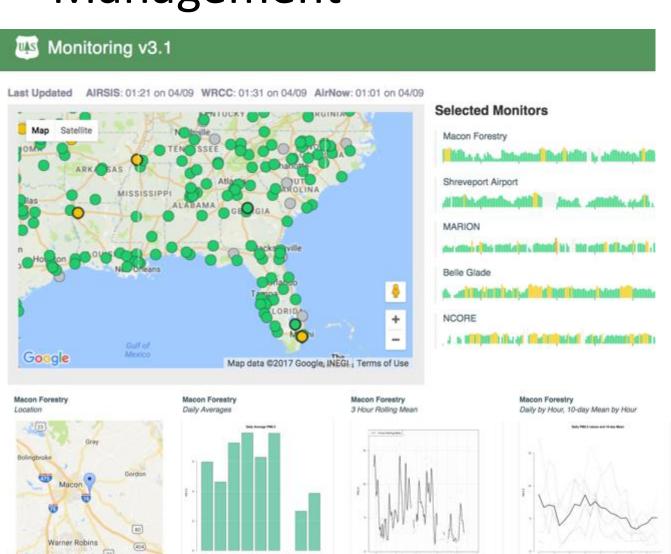
- Cache of 30 PM2.5 monitors 10 donated...EPA, FWS, FS
- Ordered through supply and at Rocky Mt. National Cache
- Rapid deployment to affected communities
- Real-time telemetry
- Data available to all interested parties
- Development of analytical tools by PNW AirFire Team
- MTDC, PNW and ARA's to test new devices for program use
- State, local and tribal monitors? Preparedness for ARA use?



Monitoring Site for Air Quality Management

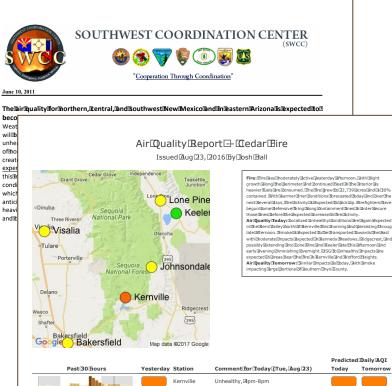
- USFS developed
- Ingests AirNow and temporary data (e.g. deployed for wildfires & Rx)
- Targeted utility
- Easy to use
- Easy to bookmark





Communications

- Create Smoke Outlooks and Impact Summaries
 - Goal: Reduce exposure through behavior modification
- Work closely with public health agencies
- Sync communications across impacted areas, and incident commands
- Provide critical additional information:
 - Monitor data
 - Fire activity and burnout operations
 - Fire behavior predictions
 - Meteorology
 - Incident command decisions
 - State, APCD needs for Exceptional Event Rule Demonstrations
- o PIO info and posting on net, Inciweb, blogs, social media
- Coordinate with partners on traffic smoke impact response efforts



Past 30 hours	Yesterday	Station	Comment for Today (Tue, Aug 23)	Today	Tomorrow
line in the second		Kernville	Unhealthy,⊈pm-8pm		
		Johnsondale	USG,⊠pm-10pm		
		Visalia	Moderate@III@ay		
		Bakersfield	Moderate@III@ay		
		Keeler	Moderate,⊈pm-8pm		
		LoneDine	Moderate,⊈pm-8pm		

air@qu sensi

Disclaimer/IDonditions/IIII-y/Dange/Quickly, These@rojections/IzerBased/Danticipated/IIII-eather/Idonditions/IIII-y/Danticipated/IIII-eather/II-eather/III-eather/III-eather/III-eather/III-eather/III-eather/III-eather/II-eather/III-eather/III-eather/III-eather/III-eather/III-eather/III-eather/III-eather/III-eather/III-eather/III-eather/III-eather/II-eather

Air Quality Index (AQI)		Actions@o@rotect@ourself				
	Good	None				
0	Moderate	$Unusually {\tt Gensitive} {\tt III} dividuals {\tt Ghould} {\tt Gonsider} {\tt III} miting {\tt Grolonged} {\tt Grade} {\tt Heavy} {\tt Gensitive} {\tt Grolonged} {\tt Grolonge$				
	USG	People @ ithin @ ensitive @ roups * @ hould @ educe @ rolonged @ r @ eavy @ utdoor @ xertion.				
•	Unhealthy	People Within Sensitive Groups* Should avoid all physical author activity.				
•	Very⊞nhealthy	Everyone Should avoid prolonged or Beavy exertion.				
•	Hazardous	Everyone Should avoid any outdoor activity.				

Air Resource Advisors

Smoke specialists deployed as part of an Incident Management Team (THSP in ICS)

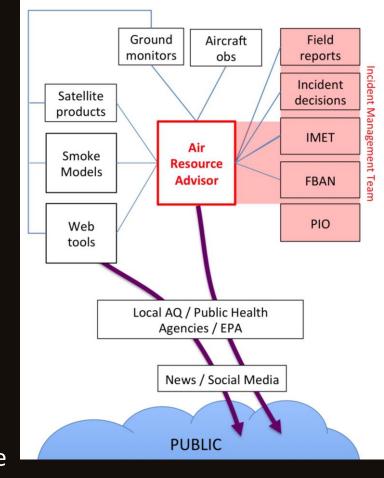
Roughly 30 ARA's and 23 Trainees

Training: 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017...

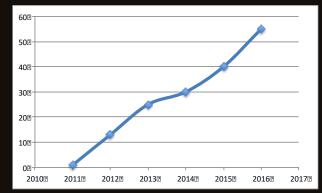
By far, most orders in West

Enables:

- Smoke informs Incident decisions
- Allows incident decision information to be made available for modeling, etc...
- Develops smoke outlooks and other documents for communications
- Works with state/tribal/local agencies, public and communities – some locations creating ARA Guides (Colville Tribe, State Response Plans)

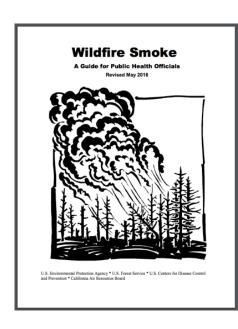


ARA Deployments by Year



Resources for Smoke and Fire

- Smoke Management Reference Guide revision of 2001 version out soon
- NWCG Smoke and Transportation Safety Guidebook V1 available and under revision but with recent smoke on road issues worth review
- Smoke Exposure Guide and video on Know the Hazards of Smoke (WFSTAR)
 - Will be included in the new S-190
- Wildfire Smoke: A Guide for Public Health Officials
 - EPA, CDC, Forest Service and CARB revised 2016
 - New version late 2017 with updated format and one-page handout sheets
 - https://www3.epa.gov/airnow/wildfire may2016.pdf
- Building Agency Administrator, PIO and PAO knowledge of smoke and AQ.
 - Smoke Management and Air Quality for Land Managers online
- FS funding a US-wide superfog climatology assessment
 - Determine frequency of superfog conditions in US
- PB Piedmont Web now online for Beta testing for US
 - Testers by request
- Wind Ninja Smoke soon ready for Beta testing
- RX410 now required for all DOI RXB2
- SmoC Notes, webinars, ppts, etc. on Smoke Emissions Portal (U of ID)
 - https://www.frames.gov/partner-sites/emissions-and-smoke/smoc_air_and_fire/



- Ordering-Modeled after IMET (Incident Meteorologist) Program
 - Ordering info in some Regional Mob Guides & 2014 NICC memo
 - Type 1 Teams are heavy users...Type 2 and 3 still new to ARAs
- State, Tribal and APCD feedback is valued and useful
 - State IMT's have not embraced the use of ARA's
- Challenge in 2016
 - No severe smoke impacts, why have an ARA???
 - Still valuable message for Air Quality, Land Management Agency Administrator and IC
- So what is needed for Prescribed Fire from ARA's
 - Monitoring, Modeling, Messaging, Coordination...

- Issues:
 - Limited resources nationally
 - Part of ARA pool is managed by national agreements and not set for Rx Fire
 - FS bears cost of all NRCS and EPA deployments even if on non-FS incidents
 - Maintenance of ARA standards and performance
 - Cost to prescribed fire
 - Wildfire decisions can impact prescribed fire opportunity

Opportunities

- Boulder Creek Burn and large Rx Fires may make sense for ARA
- Breakdown the ARA tasks to determine what is needed for routine prescribed fires and pile burns (tree mortality areas?)
- Are there resources locally that can meet these different tasks

- Messaging- Land Manager PIO or PAO from R.D. could be trained to meet public messaging needs – fire and air quality message training
 - Joint messaging with downwind APCD and ARB
 - On-line smoke training out there...see SmoC
 - Develop the script for matrix of expected impacts and worst case outcomes
 - Joint message book addressing fire in CA and preparation for smoke...create for public, educators, children, media, communities, (http://efirecom.ctfc.cat/?lang=en) even a Guideline for Communicators and journalists
 - (http://efirecom.ctfc.cat/docs/efirecomperiodistes_en.pdf
- Modeling BlueSky Playground developed to be useful to the RXB2 who has RX410 training
 - Link proposed PFIRS Rx Burns into BlueSky runs Special run?
 - Incorporation of actual area blackened from previous day activity
 - Improved impact determination and decisions for next day

- Monitoring OES and R5 FAM resources available...
 - Role of cheaper personal grade monitors could be used...
 - Data Assessment Task...much more automated
 - Pre-determined fire & air message coordinated (APCD & FLM)
- Coordination What is missing that makes a prescribed fire a success by ARB and APCD's? Identify and develop the plan to meet needs
 - Planning for an EER demonstration from an Rx Burn before it happens- who does what and when
 - Health Department Role-?
 - Identify and address sensitive individuals
 - Can't move, provide alternatives such as cache of air filtration devices if unable to leave area and at-risk of smoke impacts
 - Pre-season planning for individuals and communities
- Planning burns for specific objectives
 - Reducing risk and not removing all fuel use of fuel moisture
 - Carbon coating
 - Creating variable block size allowing use of different dispersion conditions-every day is a burn day (ARB to APCD)

Improved Mobile App Development



- Targeted information
- Alerts
- Potential for advanced visual range tools
- Multiple agencies (EPA, CDC USFS, JFSP, NPS, etc...)





Public Webinars

May 8, 2017 at 1 pm EDT May 16, 2017 at 8 am EDT



Wildland Fire Sensors Challenge

Partnering federal organizations:

















Wildland Fire Sensors Challenge

Shared vision by partnering organizations:

A desire to advance air measurement technology to be **easier to deploy**, suitable to use for **high concentration events**, **durable** to withstand difficult field conditions, and report data **continuously and wirelessly**. Desired measurements: PM_{2.5}, O₃, CO, CO₂.



















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